Building Skin Failures

Karim Allana, PE, RRC, RWC
Allana Buick & Bers, Inc.
karim@abbae.com





Karim P. Allana, PE, RRC, RWC

EDUCATION: B.S., Civil Engineering, Santa Clara University

REGISTRATION: P.E., Civil Engineering, California, Washington, Nevada

and Hawaii

CERTIFICATION: Registered Roof Consultant (RRC), Roof Consultants

Institute, Registered Waterproofing Consultant (RWC),

Roof Consultants Institute

OVERVIEW:

- CEO and Senior Principal at Allana Buick & Bers.
- Former Turner Construction Employee (Project Engineering and Superintendent)
- Over 37 years experience providing superior technical standards in all aspects of building technology and energy efficiency.
- Principal consultant in forensic investigations of building assemblies, failure analysis, evaluation and design of building infrastructure and building envelope evaluation and design.
- Expert in all aspects of building envelope technology.
- Completed numerous new construction, addition, rehabilitation, remodel and modernization projects for public and private sector clients.
- Specialization in siding, roofing, cement plaster, wood, water intrusion damage, window assemblies, storefronts, below grade waterproofing, energy efficiency, solar engineering and complex building envelope and mechanical assemblies.





Common Modes of Failure

- Gasket Failure
 - Water Intrusion
 - Air infiltration
- Aluminum Coating Failure
 - Missing primers
 - Coating thickness issue
 - Contaminents
- Corrosion of glass
 - Edge deletion issue
 - Standing water on seals
- IGU Polyisobutylene (PIB) Failure
- Aluminum Thermal Break Failure





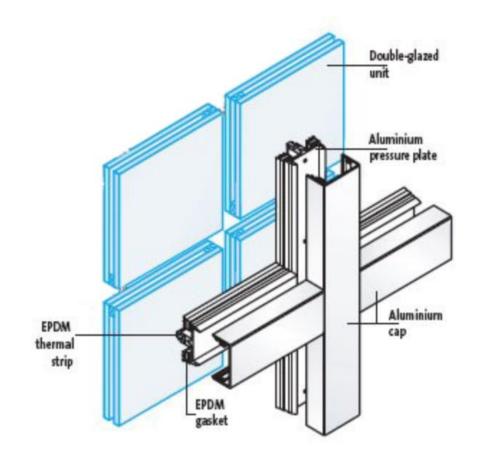
Gasket Failure





What is a Gasket?

- Gaskets strips of synthetic rubber compressed between the glazing and frame or frame to frame
- Generally extruded EPDM
- Can be special ordered with silicone







Gasket Failures

- Drying out, shrinking and cracking
- Exposure to UV radiation
- Exposure to freeze-thaw cycles
- Improper maintenance
- Failures experienced in 4-6 years



Mondavi Gasket Shrinkage / Failure





Gasket Failure







Gasket Failure- San Jose Condo





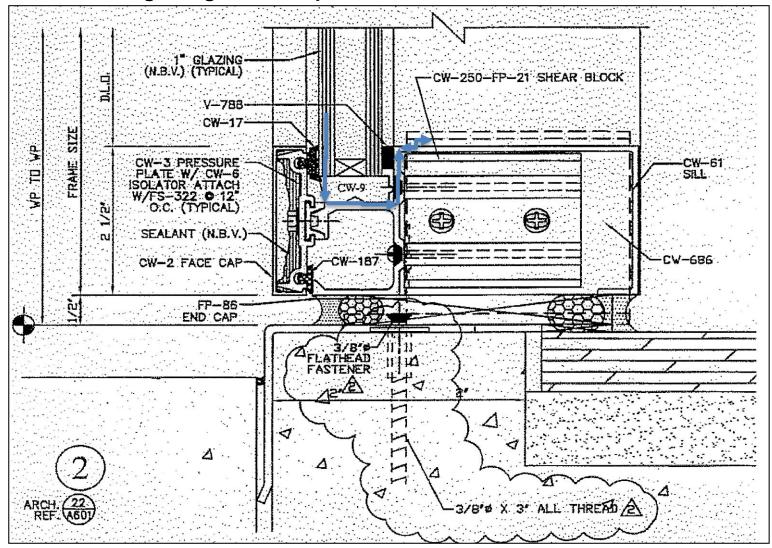
Gasket/Seal Failure Effects

- Water intrusion
- Air infiltration
 - Energy loss
 - Condensation



Typical EPDM Mullion Gasket Shrinkage

15/16" glazing installed produces a loose seal and leaks



Gasket Shrinkage Water Intrusion





Air Infiltration Can Cause

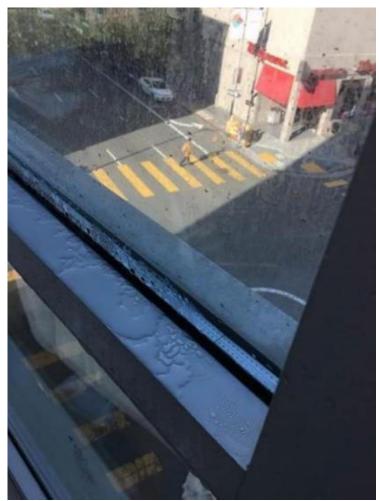
- Air Infiltration can lead to:
 - Energy loss

- Condensation
 - Commonly mistaken for water intrusion



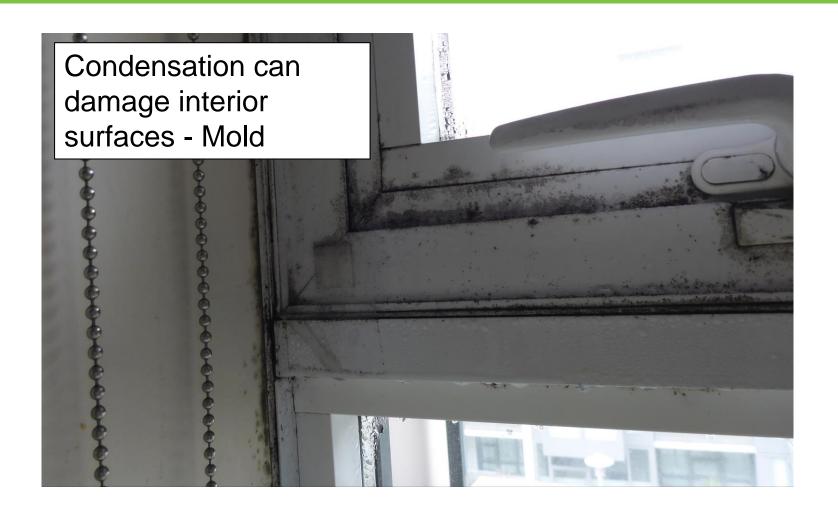
Condensation Due to Air Leakage





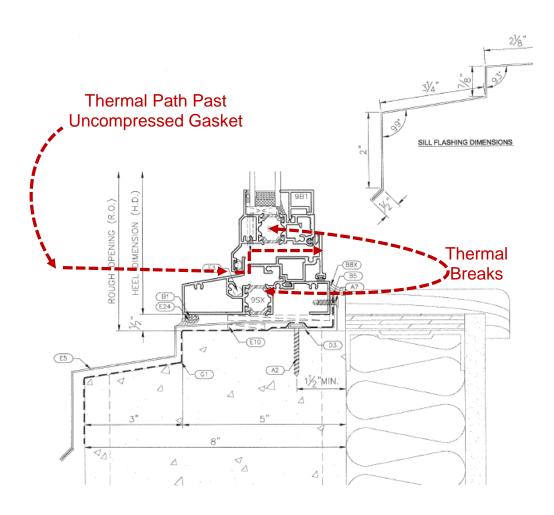


Condensation Due to Gasket Failure





How Condensation Can Occur



Thermal Path





Avoiding Gasket Failure

- Specifying high quality gasketing materials
- Quality control testing/commissioning to check for specified materials
- Using wet seals on inside in conjunction with gaskets



Aluminum Coating Failure





Aluminum Coating Failure

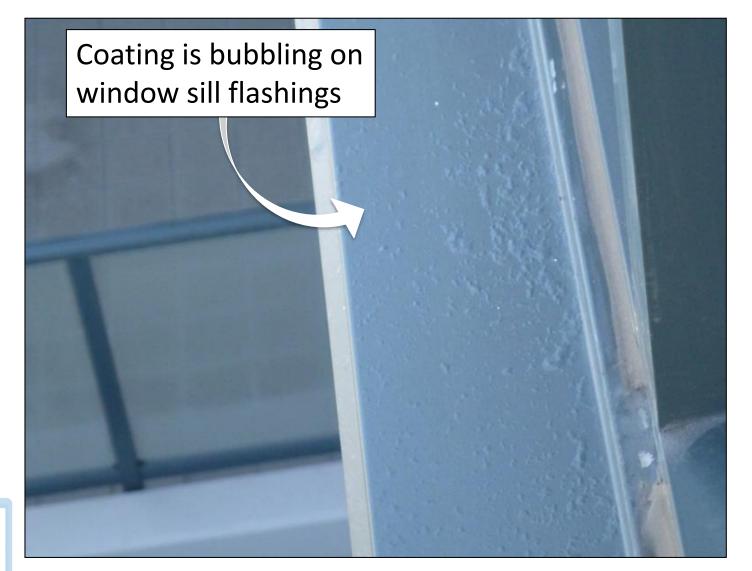


Aluminum Coating Failure





San Francisco Condo #1





Coating Failure Causing Pitting







Aluminum Coating Failure Causes

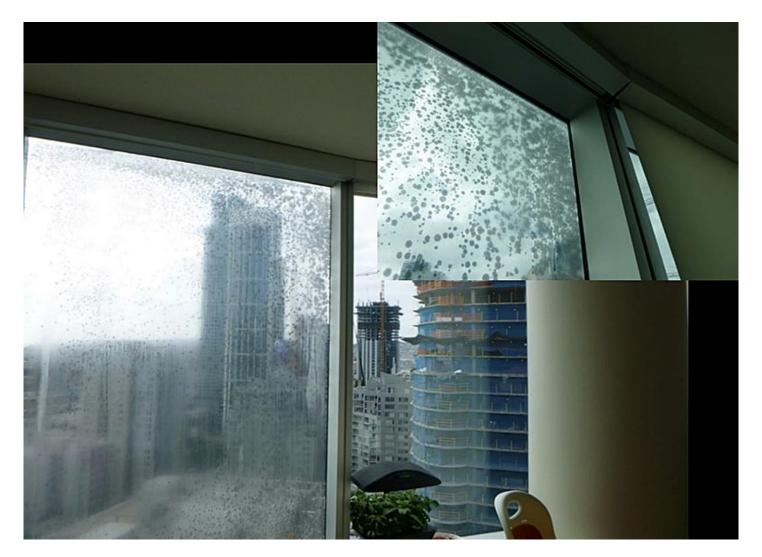
- Proper surface preparation and pretreatments are not followed
 - Missing primer
- Coating requirements are not followed
 - Improper thickness of coating
- Lack of surface prep leading to trapped contaminants



Corrosion of Glass



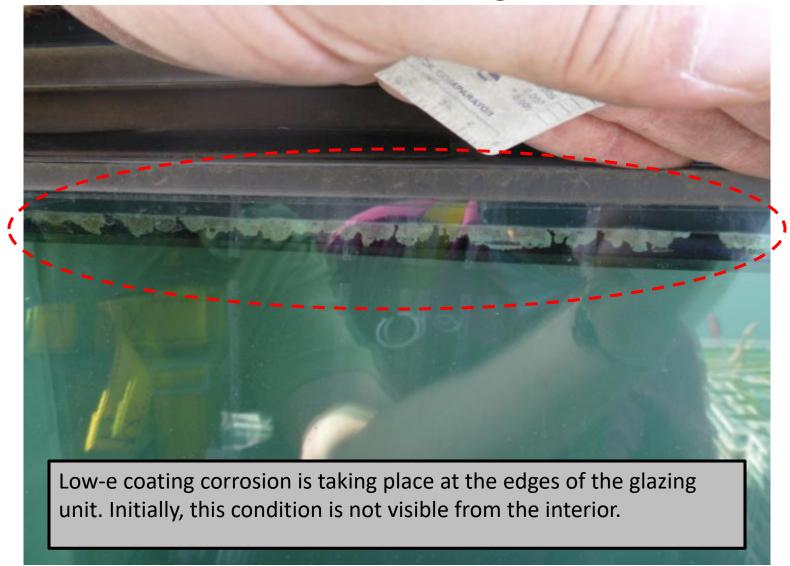
Corrosion/Tarnishing of Silver Coatings







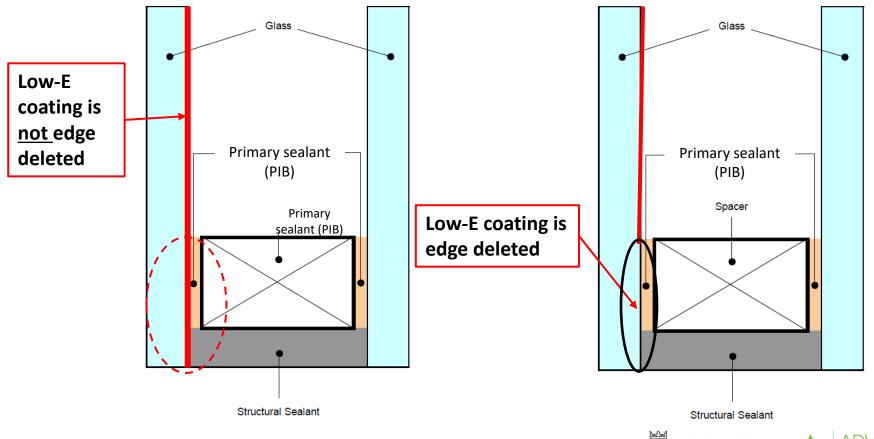
Start of Low-E Coating Corrosion





What Edge Deletion?

- Low-E coating needs to be edge deleted. If not edge deleted, the exposed edge could start corrosion and spread to inside.
- Once corrosion starts, it breaks down the seals causing overall unit failure





Edge Deletion During Manufacturing





Prevention

- Proper edge deletion needs to occur during the manufacturing process to ensure moisture does not attack edge of coating
- Design of the glazing and curtain wall assembly should not allow water to stand on top of the silicone sealant because, silicone is permeable
- Design installation of glass should be on blocks and properly drained to prevent dual glazing to sit in water

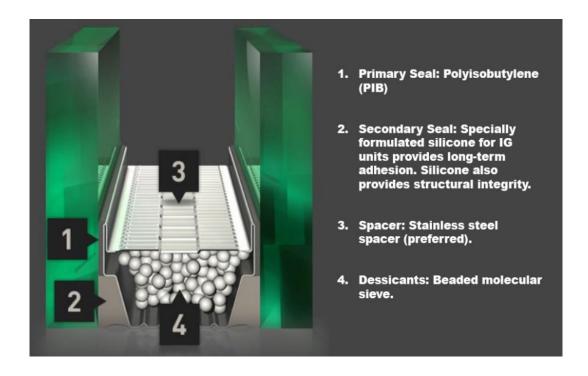


Insulated Glazing Unit (IGU) Polyisobutylene (PIB) Migration



PIB Migration

- PIB (primary) and secondary sealants prevent air/ water infiltration in IGU airspace
- PIB moves from window edge, obscuring vision





PIB Migration/Failure in IGU





PIB Migration, Moving/Walking Up





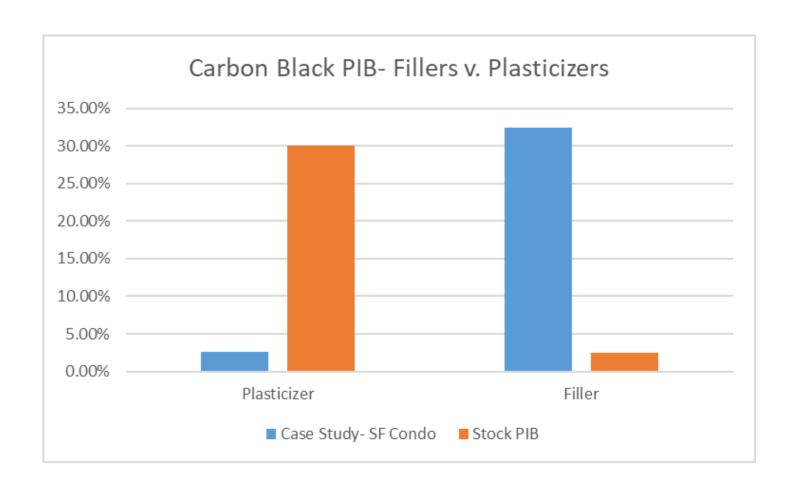
Case Study- SF Condo w/ PIB Migration







Case Study- SF Condo w/ PIB Migration

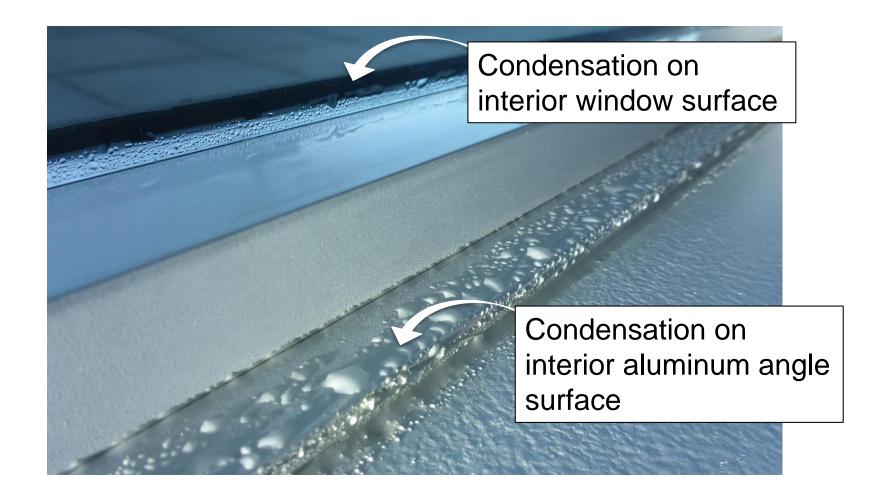




Thermal Break Failure

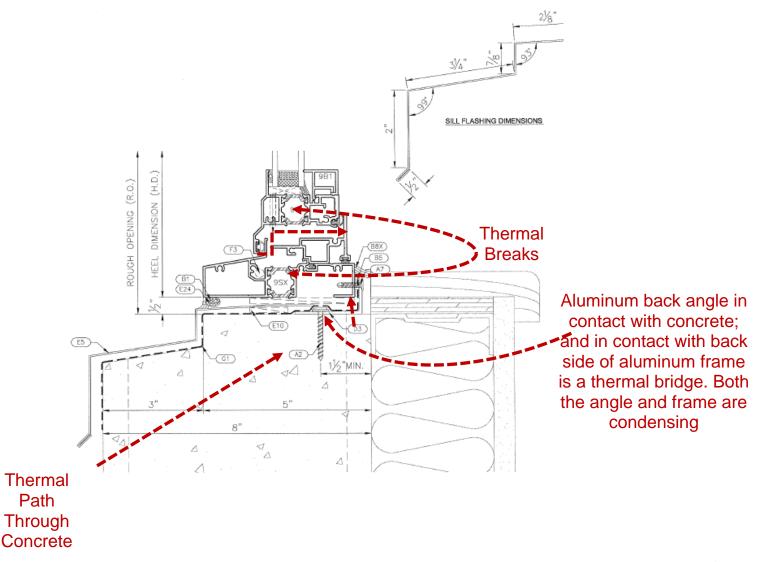


Condensation





How Thermal Break Failure Occured





Avoiding Condensation

- Window design should include thermally broken systems
- Design considerations include:
 - Carefully design thermal breaks in and around glazing elements and rough openings in walls
 - Hygrothermal modeling to determine CRF requirements
 - Avoiding thermal bridges in design
 - Descriptive and fully illustrated perimerter flashing conditions





Lessons Learned

- Conscientious Design
 - Understansing modes of failures
 - Proper material selection of internal seals, water pathways and sealants is key
 - Specifying design issues like edge deletion, and "wet" pockets of glazing
 - Learn from new modes of failures
 - Quality control and commisioning to ensure performance
- Evaluation and Testing
 - For both new construction and remediation
 - Material testing of system sub-components such as coatings, seals, and construction





The End



